



Sunspot Regions Data Collection

Date: _____

Time: _____

Initial: _____

Directions: The following questions will help you analyze the data to determine the answer to the big question, "Do sunspot regions exist today that could be a source of solar storms?" You can answer each of the questions on the back of this paper or on a separate sheet of paper.

Refer to the "H-Alpha Full Disk Image of the Sun" Data

- Do you see any dark spots called sunspots on the surface of the Sun?
- Where is the sunspot(s) compared to the Sun's equator?
- Compared to the size of Earth, how large is the sunspot? For this answer refer to the scaled image of Earth in the lower right hand corner of the Sun-Earth Media Viewer. (ex. 3 times larger than Earth.)
- Is there more than one sunspot?
- Do you see clusters of sunspots (grouped together)?

Refer to the "HMI Intensitygram" Data

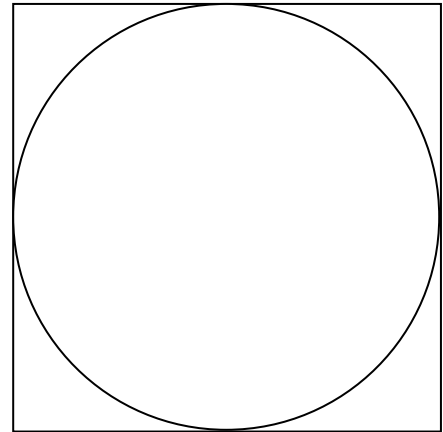
- In the circle to the right draw any sunspots you observe from the data.

Refer to the "HMI Magnetogram" Data

- Do you observe any black and white areas on the magnetogram? If so, do those areas seem mixed together or clearly separated?

Refer to the "Atmospheric Imagery Assembly" Data (Observe 4 images called: AIA 193, 304, 171, 171/HMI)

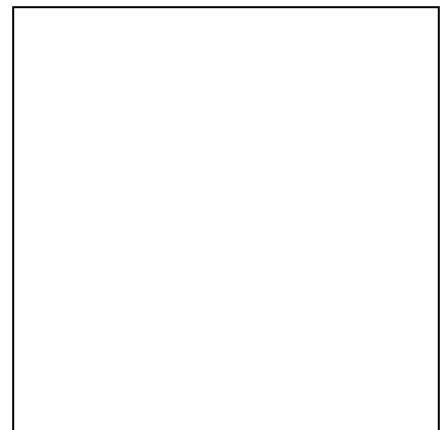
- Do the active places in these images occur near the sunspots? Explain.



Refer to the "Large Angle and Spectrometric Coronagraph" Data

(Observe 2 images called: LASCO C2, LASCO C3)

- Do you observe any CMEs leaving the surface of the Sun? Where?
- Do you see a halo effect (like a bubble from the bubble gum you might be chewing) in either image? If so, draw what you observe in the box to the right. This could indicate that a storm is coming directly toward Earth.
- How long before the effects of the particles (CME or solar flare) of the Sun will affect our magnetosphere?



Comprehension Question: Based on the data you have analyzed from these instruments, answer the question, "Do sunspot regions exist today that could be a source of solar storms?" Be sure to cite specific data in your response.