Summary Status of GSFC 10 Gbps "Lambda Network" (L-Net)

J. Patrick Gary Network Projects Leader Earth and Space Data Computing Division NASA Goddard Space Flight Center <u>pat.gary@nasa.gov</u> 301-286-9539





(Courtesy of Dr. Larry Smarr/UCSD) Goddard Space Flight Center IRAD

- Establish a "Lambda Network"
 - » Use optical wavelength technology (10Gbps Ethernet per wavelength)
 - Connect GSFC's Earth Science Greenbelt facility in Maryland to Scripps Institution of Oceanography in through the University of California at San Diego (UCSD)
 - » Ride the National LambdaRail
- Synergies
 - » Falls in with reinvigorating the nation's cyber infrastructure
 - » Takes advantage of next generation networking technologies (Lambda-Nets)
 - » Makes use of NSF funded compute, storage and visualization resources being implemented at UCSD (OptIPuter and GEON)
- Benefits
 - » Develop real-time interactive collaborations with leading Earth and space science academic institutions
 - Enable scientists at both institutions to share and use compute intensive community models, complex data base mining and multi-dimensional streaming visualization
 - » Creates a virtual laboratory and SIO wing within GSFC's Building 33
 - » Several NASA missions benefit from the high bandwidth connection, eg:
 - HPC between ARC/Project Columbia and GSFC/NCCS
 - CEOP data analyses between Rhodes (SIO) and Bosilovich (GSFC)

(Courtesy of Dr. Larry Smarr/UCSD) GSFC FY04 IRAD Proposal

- "Preparing Goddard for Large Scale Team Science in the 21st Century: Enabling an All Optical Goddard Network Cyberinfrastructure"
- Transcontinental, Regional, and Local Networking
 - » Became a member of the NLR, with NREN Project assistance, through a Mid-Atlantic Terascale Partnership membership arrangement
 - Deploying GMPLS-managed Movaz Optical Switches and Add Drop Muxs at GSFC and in DRAGON regional multiwavelength network
 - » Utilize NLR lambdas between GSFC and UCSD/SIO
 - Interconnect GSFC's Thunderhead and other clusters to UCSD/SIO's OptIPuter network at 10GigE via this Lambda Network
- Application Development
 - Integrate Earth System Modeling Framework software with GRID middleware by constructing prototype interfaces between the components
 - Identify requirements for new methods and/or messages that would be desirable for supporting GSFC models and data assimilation

NLR – Optical Infrastructure - Phase 1









Using Cisco 15454 DWDM gear

NLR Wavelengths



- Initial complement of 4 λ s installed and available at outset
 - One λ for national switched Ethernet experimental network
 - Another λ for national 10 Gbps IP network to support internetworking and end-to-end transport protocol experiments
 - Similar to Internet2's Abilene except routers will be available for measurement and experimentation
 - Third λ will serve as a quick start facility for new research projects
 - Fourth λ will be used by Internet2's HOPI testbed

More λs will be activated as needed to support the research and operational objectives of the community

NLR Members as of 19Jul04

- CENIC
- Pacific Northwest GigaPOP
- Pittsburgh Supercomp. Center
- Duke (coalition of NC univers.)
- Mid-Atlantic Terascale Partnership
- Cisco Systems
- Internet2
- Florida LambdaRail
- Georgia Institute of Technology
- Committee on Institutional Cooperation (CIC)

- Texas / LEARN
- Cornell
- Louisiana Board of Regents
- University of New Mexico
- Oklahoma State Regents
- UCAR/FRGP

Plus Agreements with:

- SURA (AT&T fiber donation)
- Oak Ridge National Lab (ORNL)



1 gigE

Expansion not limited to number of lines shown

WDM

HOPI Node



Dynamic Resource Allocation with GMPLS on Optical Networks (DRAGON) Configuration



GSFC L-Net Configurations at McLean and Greenbelt



JPG 6/02/04

Key Initial Features of GSFC L-Net Design

- GSFC Local Network Part
 - » 10-GE (Gigabit Ethernet) connections for:
 - Thunderhead cluster in B28
 - SVS Hyperwall and/or GSFC SAN Pilot interface in B28
 - Network test stations in HECN lab in B28 and ENP lab in B32
 - Optical switch from UMBC/Ray Chen
 - **»** 10-GE ports for future connections:
 - NCCS in B28
 - One other cluster such as Houser's in B33
 - Others can be easily planned
 - » Four 1-GE connections with GSFC's Science and Engineering Network

Key Features of GSFC L-Net Design (continued)

- Regional Network Part
 - » Two 10-GE connections with DRAGON at GSFC in Greenbelt
 - » Two 10-GE connections with DRAGON at Level3 POP in McLean
 - » Two 10-GE and multiple 1-GE connections for network test stations at Level3 POP in McLean
- Transcontinental Network Part
 - » 10-GE connection with NLR/MATP's IP Backbone and Switched Ethernet lambdas
 - » 10-GE connection with NLR/Internet2's HOPI lambda

GSFC L-Net Milestone Schedule



Time (Weeks from 1/1/04)

High Performance Remote Data Access Via GSFC L-Net Follow-on

FY05 L-Net Follow-on Considerations

- Enable high performance remote data access for all GSFC Earth and space science efforts via 10-GE lambda networking and SAN-over-IP technologies via creation of inter-facility virtual SANS
- Leverages
 - Design and testing of the initial GSFC 10-GE L-Net funded by GSFC's FY04 IRAD program
 - WAN: NLR's four 10 Gbps lambdas (via MATP membership, HOPI experimenting, OptlPuter participant, etc)
 - MAN: DRAGON's two 10 Gbps and three 2.4 Gbps lambdas
 - LAN: Force10's 10-GE switch/router with 12 "backbone" ports, and Extreme Network's 48x1-GE/2x10-GE "user uplink" switches
 - » Experience gained through GSFC SAN Pilot effort
 - Especially SAN-over-IP via the new IETF protocols: iSCSI, FCIP, and iFCP



High Performance Remote Data Access Via GSFC L-Net Follow-on

Initial L-Net Follow-on Capability Possibility

- Wide Area SAN: CXFS-SGI between NAS and NCCS
 - Demonstrate >15 MByte per second sustained data flows between ARC/Project Columbia and GSFC/NCCS within 9 months of full requested funding approval
- Dependencies or Drivers
 - » Funding required asap for GSFC L-Net's current support contractors
 - » Requires full cooperation by ARC/Project Columbia
 - May need "security waivers" versus standard NASA EA proposals

High Performance Remote Data Access Via GSFC L-Net Follow-on

Other L-Net Follow-on Capability Possibilities

- Extending 10-GE L-Net within GSFC to more science buildings/clusters
- Dedicated 10-GE NLR lambda(s) between GSFC and:
 - » NASA ARC
 - » UCSD/SIO & OptIPuter
 - » ORNL
 - » UIC/OptIPuter
- GISS on shared or dedicated 10-GE NLR lambda
- Optical switch for both GSFC's East and West campuses

For More Info Related to the GSFC L-Net

- DRAGON Dynamic Resource Allocation via GMPLS Optical Networks
 - » http://dragon.east.isi.edu/
 - » <u>http://www.itrd.gov/iwg/lsn/jet/conferences/20040413/jetroadmapworks</u> <u>hop03.pdf</u>
 - » http://duster.nren.nasa.gov/workshop7/pps/04.Sobieski.DRAGON.ppt
- HOPI Hybrid Optical and Packet Infrastructure
 - » http://networks.internet2.edu/hopi/
 - » <u>http://www.itrd.gov/iwg/lsn/jet/conferences/20040413/jetroadmapworks</u> <u>hop10.pdf</u>
 - » http://duster.nren.nasa.gov/workshop7/pps/11.Winkler.HOPI.ppt
- Level3 Level 3 Communications, Inc
 - » <u>http://www.level3.com/</u>
 - http://www.itrd.gov/iwg/lsn/jet/conferences/20040413/jetroadmapworks hop31.pdf

For More Info Related to the GSFC L-Net (continued)

- MATP Mid-Atlantic Terascale Partnership
 - » http://www.midatlantic-terascale.org/
- Movaz Networks
 - » http://www.movaz.com/
 - http://www.itrd.gov/iwg/lsn/jet/conferences/20040413/jetroadmapworks hop14.pdf
- NLR National Lambda Rail
 - » http://www.nlr.net/
 - » <u>http://www.itrd.gov/iwg/lsn/jet/conferences/20040413/jetroadmapworks</u> hop43.pdf
 - » http://duster.nren.nasa.gov/workshop7/pps/10.Farber.LambdaRail.ppt

For More Info Related to the GSFC L-Net (continued)

- OptIPuter
 - » http://www.optiputer.net/
 - Smarr, L., Chien, A., DeFanti, T., Leigh, J., and Papadopoulos, P., "The OptIPuter", Communications of the ACM, November 2003, Vol. 46, No. 11, pp. 59-67; http://delivery.acm.org/10.1145/950000/948410/p58smarr.pdf?key1=948410&key2=4972772901&coll=ACM&dl=ACM&C FID=25879183&CFTOKEN=50598646
 - » http://duster.nren.nasa.gov/workshop7/pps/07.Smarr.OptIPuter.ppt

Backup Slides

Summary of Purpose

- "...establish a "Lambda Network" (in this case using optical wavelength technology and 10 Gbps Ethernet per wavelength) from GSFC's Earth science Greenbelt facility in MD to the Scripps Institute of Oceanography (SIO) through the University of California, San Diego (UCSD) facility over the National Lambda Rail (NLR), a new national dark optical fiber infrastructure."
- "...make data residing on Goddard's high speed computer disks available to SIO with access speeds as if the data were on their own desktop servers or PC's."
- "...enable scientists at both institutions to share and use compute intensive community models, complex data base mining and multi-dimensional streaming visualization over this highly distributed, virtual working environment."

National LambdaRail (http://www.nationallambdarail.org/)

- Provide an enabling network infrastructure for new forms and methods for research in science, engineering, health care, and education as well as for research and development of new Internet technologies, protocols, applications and services.
- Provide the research community with direct control over a nationwide optical fiber infrastructure, enabling a wide range of facilities, capabilities and services in support of both application level and networking level experiments and serving diverse communities of computational scientists, distributed systems researchers and networking researchers.



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R&D Test: Move to Internet Protocol Over Dedicated Optical Lightpaths



Southern California CalREN-XD Build Out



UCSD OptlPuter Nodes 2004

OptlPuter UCSD/ San Diego Network and Nodes -- 2004







Fibers Considered in DRAGON-based Approach

- Fibers already "deployed" for all needed DRAGON links; and usage contracts in various states of progress
 - "Link 1" GSFC -- UMD at College Park (UMCP): Fibers leased from FiberGate became available to be characterized on 10Jun04, were extended to GSFC building 28 on 22Jun04, and were planned to be characterized on 13Jul04
 - » "Link 2" UMCP -- ISI/E at Arlington & GWU in DC: Fibers leased from Qwest became available to be characterized on 28Jun04, and were planned to be characterized the week of 12Jul04
 - » "Link 3" ISI/E (& GWU) -- Level(3) POP in McLean: Have various quotes from Level3 including 20 year Indefeasible Right to Use (IRU). Negotiations are expected to be completed in Aug04



Configuration



Testing of Force10 E300 10-GE Switch Capability Completed by Bill Fink (930) and Paul Lang (ADNET)

- Throughput testing
- Link Aggregation (two 10GigE links, similar physical and VLAN as above)
- Initial QoS testing (port based)
- VLAN Stacking



Force10 10GigE nuttcp Stress Test (Over 1 Petabyte in 3 days)

S1: porthos (2x800 MHz PowerMac G4) -> clifford (867 MHz PowerMac G4) S2: underdog (867 MHz PowerMac G4) -> bigdog (2x1 GHz G4 XServe)

All systems running YellowDog Linux with Intel Pro/1000 Server Adapter or NetGear GA620T NIC, and using a 9K Jumbo Frame MTU

clifford% nuttcp -u -r -T72h -w2048 -Iporthos2clifford porthos & \
 nuttcp -u -T72h -w2048 -Iunderdog2bigdog underdog bigdog
underdog2bigdog: 30687801.2734 MB / 259772.86 sec = 990.9732 Mbps 74 %TX 29 %RX
 1950222 / 3929988785 drop/pkt 0.05 %loss
porthos2clifford: 30695954.5781 MB / 259773.58 sec = 991.2337 Mbps 65 %TX 17 %RX
 6056720340 / 9985802526 drop/pkt 60.65 %loss

(30687801.2734 MB + 30695954.5781 MB)*10*2/1024/1024/1024 = 1.14336 PB)

* Over 0.25 PB transferred bidirectionally across each 10GigE link

Force10 Petabyte Challenge

Image: Trainc Analysis for Force10 – hpcc-10g - Mozilla		
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		
Back Forward Reload Stop Mttp://shasta.nasa.atd.net/mrtg/gsr/hpcc-10g_teng / 🧟 Search	int 🔿	- 100
🚮 Home 🛛 😻 Bookmarks 🧷 News 🦧 NetCenter 🥠 Support 🥠 Linux PPC.org 🖉 Gnome 🥠 Mozilla		
Traffic Analysis for Force10 hpcc-10g		
System: hpcc-10g in Maintainer:		
Description: TenGigabitEthernet-2/0		
ifType: ethernetCsmacd (6)		
Max Speed: 10.0 Gbits/s		
The statistics were last updated Tuesday, 9 March 2004 at 9:40,		[]
at which time 'hpcc-10g' had been up for 12 days, 17:29:42.		
`Daily' Graph (5 Minute Average)		
$\begin{array}{c} 10.0 \ 6 \\ 7.5 \ 6 \\ 10.0 \ 6 \\ 2.5 \ 6 \\ 0.0 \ 6 \\ 2 \ 4 \ 6 \ 8 \ 10 \ 12 \ 14 \ 16 \ 18 \ 20 \ 22 \ 0 \ 2 \ 4 \ 6 \ 8 \end{array}$		_
Max In:9999.1 Mb/s (100.0%) Average In:9801.7 Mb/s (98.0%) Current In:7904.0 b/s (0.0%) Max Out:9998.9 Mb/s (100.0%) Average Out:9801.7 Mb/s (98.0%) Current Out:7904.0 b/s (0.0%)		
`Weekly' Graph (30 Minute Average)		
10.0 G 7.5 G 5.0 G 92 2.5 G 0.0 G Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun Mon		
Max In:9967.3 Mb/s (99.7%) Average In:5327.2 Mb/s (53.3%) Current In:9799.7 Mb/s (98.0%) Max Out:9967.4 Mb/s (99.7%) Average Out:5327.2 Mb/s (53.3%) Current Out:9799.7 Mb/s (98.0%)		
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Graph for TenGigabitEthernet-3/0 basically identical

Abilene/NLR Map





Principal Investigator & Co-Investigators

- Name: Pat Gary (930) & Jeff Smith (585) Co-PI's & GSFC's Information Technology Pathfinder Working Group (ITPWG) as Co-I's
- Organizations: Code 420, Code 580, Code 920, & Code 930
- Telephone: 301-286-9539 & 301-614-5038 for Co-PI's
- E-mail: Pat.Gary@nasa.gov, <u>Jeff.Smith@nasa.gov</u> for Co-PI's